## **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

## FIBERFIX Gelcoat – alla kulörer \_EN

The safety data sheet is in accordance with Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 of 18 June 2020 amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH)

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking

 Date issued
 26.05.2016

 Revision date
 29.05.2023

## 1.1. Product identifier

Product name FIBERFIX Gelcoat – alla kulörer \_EN

UFI KS60-VHV1-KE97-RFP2

Synonyms FIBERFIX Gelcoat - all colours

Article no. 5xxxx

## 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance / mixture

Gelcoat

Relevant identified uses

SU3 Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

SU12 Manufacture of plastics products, including compounding and conversion SU22 Professional uses: publicly accessible (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)

PC32 Polymer preparations and compounds

PROC3 Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)

PROC4 Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for

exposure arises

PROC5 Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/or significant contact)

PROC7 Industrial spraying

PROC8a Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at

nondedicated facilities

PROC8b Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at

dedicated facilities

PROC9 Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated

filling line, including weighing)

PROC10 Roller application or brushing PROC11 Non-industrial spraying PROC15 Use as laboratory reagent

Uses advised against

No information is available.

Industrial use Yes
Professional use Yes

## 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Yes

#### **Distributor**

Consumer use

Company name Färg-In AB

Postal address Bodalsvägen 6

Postcode SE-681 43

City Kristinehamn

Country SWEDEN

Telephone number +46 55010045

Fax +46 55081001

Email <u>info@fargin.se</u>

Website www.fargin.se
Enterprise No. SE-556187-9387

Contact person Johan Thynell

## 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone Telephone number: See National Thelephone Number (112)

Description: Poison control center

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

## 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

[CLP / GHS]

Skin Irrit. 2; H315

Resp. Sens. 1; H317

Eye Irrit. 2; H319

Flam. Liq. 3; H226

Acute Tox. 4; H332

Repr. 2; H361d

STOT RE 1; H372

Aquatic Chronic 3; H412

**EUH 211** 

In compliance with ATP nr. CLP14- 2020/217

## 2.2. Label elements

## **Hazard pictograms (CLP)**







Composition on the label

Styren, Titanium dioxide, Cobolt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)

Signal word

Danger

Hazard statements

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H372 Causes damage to organs on hearing through prolonged or repeated

exposure by inhalation.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH 211 Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed.

Do not breathe spray or mist.

Precautionary statements

P210 Keep away from heat / sparks / open flames / hot surfaces. - No smoking.

P260 Do not breathe dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray.

P280 Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face

protection.

P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice / attention. P370+P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, extinguishing powder or alcohol

resistant foam to extinguish.

P501 Dispose of contents / container to approved waste receiver

## 2.3. Other hazards

PBT / vPvB The product does not contain any PBT or vPvB substances.

Other hazards No information.

## **SECTION 3: Composition / information on ingredients**

## 3.2. Mixtures

Composition type	Mixture			
Substance	Identification	Classification	Contents	Notes
Styren	CAS No.: 100-42-5 EC No.: 202-851-5 Index No.: 601-026-00-0	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 Acute Tox. 4; H332 Repr. 2; H361d STOT RE 1; H372	31 - 42 %	
Titanium dioxide	CAS No.: 13463-67-7 REACH Reg. No.: 01-2119489379-17	Carc. 2; H351 EUH 211 CLP classification, notes: N o t e 1 0: The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures	< 15 %	

_	ibent ix delegat and kulore	er_Liv Version 4			rage + or it
			in powder form containing 1 % or more of titanium dioxide which is in the form of or incorporated in particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm. N o t e W: It has been observed that the carcinogenic hazard of this substance arises when respirable dust is inhaled in quantities leading to significant impairment of particle clearance mechanisms in the lung. This note aims to describe the particular toxicity of the substance; it does not constitute a criterion for classification according to this Regulation.		
	Aluminium hydroxide	CAS No.: 21645-51-2 REACH Reg. No.: 01-2119529246-39	CLP classification, notes: Not classified	< 5 %	
	Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free	CAS No.: 112945-52-5 REACH Reg. No.: 01-2119379499-16	CLP classification, notes: Not classified	< 3 %	
	Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	CAS No.: 64742-82-1 EC No.: 919-446-0 REACH Reg. No.: 01-2119458049-33	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 Asp. Tox. 1; H304 STOT SE 3; H336 STOT RE 1; H372 Aquatic Chronic 2; H411 EUH 066	< 1 %	
	Cobolt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	CAS No.: 136-52-7 EC No.: 205-250-6 REACH Reg. No.: 01-2119524678-29	Skin Sens. 1A; H317 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 Repr. 1B; H360Fd Aquatic Acute 1; H400; M-factor M=1 Aquatic Chronic 3; H412	0,1 < 0,3 %	
	Maleic anhydride	CAS No.: 108-31-6 EC No.: 203-571-6 Index No.: 607-096-00-9	Acute Tox. 4; H302 STOT RE 1; H372 Skin Corr. 1B; H314 Eye Dam. 1; H318 Resp. Sens. 1; H334 Skin Sens. 1A; H317	0,0001 < 0,001	
	Substance comments	The full text for all	hazard statements is display	yed in section 16.	

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

## 4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation Provide rest, warmth and fresh air.

If respiratory problems, artificial respiration/oxygen. Get immediate medical

advice/attention.

Skin contact Wash off promptly and flush contaminated skin with water. Promptly remove

clothing if soaked through and flush skin with water.

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.

Eye contact Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water, including under the eyelids.

> Keep the eye wide open during the rinse. Contact a doctor if symptoms persist.

Ingestion Do NOT induce vomiting.

> Never give liquid to an unconscious person. Get immediate medical advice/attention.

## 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Acute symptoms and effects Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin. Harmful by inhalation, in contact

with skin and if swallowed.

May cause an allergic skin reaction

## 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Medical treatment Treat symptomatically

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

## 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Foam, carbon dioxide or dry powder. Dry chemicals, sand, dolomite etc.

Improper extinguishing media Water with full jet.

## 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire and explosion hazards The product is flammable, and heating may generate vapours which may form

explosive vapour/air mixtures.

In case of fire, toxic gases may be formed.

Vapours are heavier than air and may spread near ground to sources of ignition.

## 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Fire fighting procedures Use pressurised air mask if product is involved in a fire. Cool containers exposed

to flames with water until well after the fire is out. Self contained breathing

apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal protection measures For personal protection, see section 8.

Provide adequate ventilation.

Beware of vapors accumulating to form explosive concentrations.

Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautionary measures

Do not discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Spillages or uncontrolled discharges into watercourses must be IMMEDIATELY alerted to the Environmental Agency or other appropriate regulatory body.

## 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Cleaning method Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers.

Keep combustibles away from spilled material.

Remove sources of ignition. Beware of the explosion danger.

## 6.4. Reference to other sections

Other instructions See section 12.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

## 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Handling

Ground container and transfer equipment to eliminate static electric sparks. Flammable/combustible - Keep away from oxidisers, heat and flames.

Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame.

Risk of vapour concentration on the floor and in low-lying areas.

Avoid spilling, skin and eye contact.

Ventilate well, avoid breathing vapours. Use approved respirator if air

contamination is above accepted level.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Flammable liquid storage.

Protect against direct sunlight.

Store in closed original container at temperatures between 5°C and 30°C.

## 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls / personal protection

## 8.1. Control parameters

Substance	Identification	Exposure limits	TWA Year
Styren	CAS No.: 100-42-5	Limit value (8 h): 100 ppm Limit value (8 h): 430 mg/ m³ Limit value (short term) Value: 250 ppm Limit value (short term) Value: 1080 mg/m³	TWA Year: 2011
Titanium dioxide	CAS No.: 13463-67-7	Limit value type: TWA Limit value (8 h) : 10 mg/m³	TWA Year: 1990

		Comments: Refers to dust content	
Aluminium hydroxide	CAS No.: 21645-51-2	Limit value type: TWA Limit value (8 h) : 10 mg/m³ Comments: Inhalable dust	
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	CAS No.: 64742-82-1	Limit value type: TWA Limit value (8 h): 500 mg/ m³ Comments: Approximately, for White spirit, with 2-25% aromatics	
Cobolt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	CAS No.: 136-52-7	Limit value (8 h): 0,1 mg/ m³ Exposure limit letter Letter description: Carc (cobalt dichloride and sulphate), Sen.	TWA Year: 2005
Maleic anhydride	CAS No.: 108-31-6	Limit value (8 h): 1 mg/m³ Limit value (short term) Value: 3 mg/m³ Exposure limit letter Letter code: Sen	

## DNEL / PNEC

Substance Styren

DNEL Group: Industrial

Route of exposure: Acute inhalation (systemic)

**Value:** 289

**Group:** Industrial

Route of exposure: Acute inhalation (local)

Value: 306 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

**Group:** Industrial

Route of exposure: Long-term dermal (systemic)

**Value:** 406

**Group:** Industrial

Route of exposure: Long-term inhalation (systemic)

Value: 85 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Group: Consumer

Route of exposure: Acute inhalation (systemic)

**Value:** 174,25 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Group: Consumer

Route of exposure: Acute inhalation (local)

**Value:** 182,75 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

**Group:** Consumer

Route of exposure: Long-term dermal (systemic)

**Value:** 343

Group: Consumer

Route of exposure: Long-term inhalation (systemic)

Value: 10,2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Group: Consumer

Route of exposure: Long-term oral (systemic)

**Value: 2,1** 

PNEC Route of exposure: Freshwater

Value: 0,028 mg/l

Route of exposure: Saltwater

Value: 0,0028 mg/l

Route of exposure: Freshwater sediments

**Value:** 0,614 mg/kg

Route of exposure: Saltwater sediments

Value: 0,0614 mg/kg

Route of exposure: Soil Value: 0,2 mg/kg

Route of exposure: Sewage treatment plant STP

Value: 5 mg/l

Substance Cobolt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)

DNEL Group: Consumer

Route of exposure: Long-term oral (systemic)

Value: 55,8 µg/kg bw/day

**Group:** Industrial

Route of exposure: Long-term inhalation (local)

**Value:** 235 μg/m³

Group: Consumer

Route of exposure: Long-term inhalation (local)

Value: 37 μg/m³

PNEC Route of exposure: Freshwater

**Value:** 0,51 μg/l

Reference: (information refers to Cobalt)

Route of exposure: Saltwater

Value: 2,36 μg/l

Reference: (information refers to Cobalt)

Route of exposure: Sediment

Value: 9,5 mg/kg

Reference: (information refers to Cobalt)

Route of exposure: Soil Value: 7,9 mg/kg

Reference: (information refers to Cobalt)

Route of exposure: Sewage treatment plant STP

Value: 0,37 mg/l

Reference: (information refers to Cobalt)

## 8.2. Exposure controls

Limitation of exposure on workplace

Provide adequate ventilation, including appropriate local extraction, to ensure that the defined occupational exposure limit is not exceeded.

All handling to take place in well-ventilated area.

Provide eyewash station.

## Safety signs









## Eye / face protection

Eye protection Wear splash-proof eye goggles to prevent any possibility of eye contact.

Additional eye protection

measures

Do not wear contact lenses.

## Hand protection

Hand protection Use protective gloves made of: Nitrilgummi, Viton, PVC (polyvinylclorid)

The most suitable glove must be chosen in consultation with the gloves supplier,

who can inform about the breakthrough time of the glove material.

#### Skin protection

Skin protection (except hands)

Impervious clothing

## Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection

At work in confined or poorly ventilated spaces, respiratory protection with air

supply must be used.

Use respiratory equipment with combination filter, type A2/P3.

## Hygiene / environmental

Specific hygiene measures

When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

## Other information

Other information

Provide shower facilities near the work place.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Liquid.

Colour Varying.

Odour Solvent. Pungent.

Odour limit Value: 0,2 ppm

Test reference: (styren)

pH Status: In delivery state

Comments: Not relevant.

Melting point / melting range Value: -30 °C

Method: (styren)

Boiling point / boiling range Value: 145 °C

Test reference: (styren)

Flash point Value: 31 °C

Method: (closed cup)

Evaporation rate Value: 0,49

Test reference: (BuAc = 1) (Styren)

Lower explosion limit with unit of

Value: 1,1 %

measurement

Test reference: (styren)

Upper explosion limit with units of

measurement

Value: 6,1 %

Test reference: (styren)

Vapour pressure Value: 6,7 hPa

Test reference: (styren) Temperature: 20 °C

Vapour density Value: 3,6 hPa

Test reference: (styren) Reference gas: (Air = 1)

Relative density Value: 1,10 - 1,50

Method: 23 °C

Solubility description Insoluble in water.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/

water

Value: 3

Auto-ignition temperature Value: 490 °C

Method: (styren)

Decomposition temperature Comments: No information.

Viscosity Value: 17500 - 23000 mPa.s Method: Brookfield Testmetod

Temperature: 23 °C

## 9.2. Other information

## 9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

Comments No information.

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

## 10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity The product can ignite and burn at temperatures above the flash point.

## 10.2. Chemical stability

Stability Stable under normal temperature conditions.

## 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions

In use, flammable/explosive vapor-air mixtures may form.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid

Avoid exposure to high temperatures or direct sunlight. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

## 10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid

Strong oxidising substances. Strong acids. Metal salts. Polymeriseringsindikator. Copper. Copper alloys. Brass.

## 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products

Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate carbon oxides and other toxic gases or vapours.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

## Other information regarding health hazards

General Prolonged and repeated contact with solvents over a long period may lead to

permanent health problems.

Oral LD50 = 5000 mg/kg (Rat)

5046 mg/kg (ATEmix value)

Dermal LD50 > 2000 mg/kg (Rat)

2020 mg/kg (ATEmix value)

Inhalation of vapor LC50 = 11.8 mg/l (4h) (Rat)

11.9 mg/l (ATEmix value)

Inhalation Harmful by inhalation. In high concentrations, vapours may irritate throat and

respiratory system and cause coughing. In high concentrations, vapours are

narcotic and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea.

Skin contact Irriterar huden. Acts as a defatting agent on skin. May cause cracking of skin, and

eczema.

Eye contact Irritating.

Ingestion Ingestion may cause irritation of the gastrointestinal tract, vomiting and

diarrhoea.

Harmful: possible risk of irreversible effects if swallowed.

Assessment of skin corrosion /

irritation, classification

Not relevant.

Irritation Causes skin irritation.

Sensitisation May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Mutagenicity Inconclusive data.

viatagemony inconclusive data

Assessment of germ cell mutagenicity, classification

Inconclusive data.

Carcinogenicity, other information There is no convincing evidence that styrene has significant potential for cancer

in humans.

Assessment of carcinogenicity,

classification

Inconclusive data.

Teratogenic properties

Suspected of damaging the unborn child

STOT-repeated exposure In humans, styrene may cause transient decrease in color discrimination and

affect hearing.

Repeated or prolonged exposure may cause skin irritation and dermatitis, due to

degreasing properties of styrene.

Styrene may cause damage to the liver, eyes, brain, respiratory system and central nervous system during prolonged or repeated exposure through

inhalation.

## 11.2 Other information

Endocrine disruption

No data.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

## 12.1. Toxicity

Aquatic toxicity, fish Value: 3,24 - 4,99 mg/L

Test duration: 96h

Species: Pimephales promelas

Method: LC50

Test reference: flow-through (styren)

Comments: LC50 = 58,75-95,32 mg/L, Poecilia reticulata, 96 h, static (styren).

Aquatic toxicity, algae Value: 0,46 - 4,3 mg/L

Test duration: 72h

Species: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata

Method: EC50

Test reference: (styren)

Comments: EC50 = 0.639 mg/L (Kobolt bis (2-etylhexanoat)

Aquatic toxicity, crustacean Value: 3,3 - 7,4 mg/L

Test duration: 48h Species: Daphnia magna

Method: EC50

Test reference: (styren)

Ecotoxicity The product is harmful to aquatic organisms.

The product may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability description/evaluation

Easily biodegradable.

## 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential Bioaccumulation: Is not expected to be bioaccumulable.

Bioconcentration factor (BCF) Value: 74

Test reference: Styren

Comments: Log Pow: 3

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility LogKoc: 2,55 (Styren)

## 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT assessment results This product does not contain any PBT or vPvB substances.

## 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Endocrine disrupting properties No data.

## 12.7. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects, comments

No information.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Specify the appropriate methods of disposal

 $\label{local_problem} \mbox{Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements.}$ 

Product classified as hazardous

waste

Yes

Other information

When handling waste, consideration should be made to the safety precautions applying to handling of the product.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

Dangerous goods

Yes

## 14.1. UN number

ADR/RID/ADN 1866

IMDG 1866 ICAO/IATA 1866

Comments ADR/RID Exception: This material meets the viscosity criteria specified in ADR/

RID 2.2.3.1.5 and may be classed as "not dangerous" when packaged in

containers of less than 450 litres.

IMDG Exception: This material meets the viscosity criteria specified in IMDG Code 2.3.2.5 and may be exempt from the marking, labelling and package testing

requirements if transported in containers of 450 litres or less.

## 14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID/ADN RESIN SOLUTION

IMDG RESIN SOLUTION

ICAO/IATA RESIN SOLUTION

142	<b>Transport</b>	hazard	clace	(ae)
IT.J.	Παπορυπ	Hazaru	Class	<b>G</b> 3

ADR/RID/ADN 3

IMDG 3

ICAO/IATA 3

## 14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID/ADN III
IMDG III
ICAO/IATA III

## 14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR/RID/ADN No

ADN No

IMDG No

IMDG Marine pollutant No

ICAO/IATA No

## 14.6. Special precautions for user

## 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

## ADR/RID Other information

Tunnel restriction code D/E

Hazard No. 30

Other applicable information ADR/

RID

Classification code F1.

## IMDG Other information

EmS F-E, S-E

## ICAO/IATA Other information

Limited quantity 10 L

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

References (laws/regulations) (EG) nr 1907/2006 (REACH).

(EG) nr 1272/2008 (CLP).

EH40/2005 (Fourth Edition, published 2020)

## 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical safety assessment

performed

Yes

Exposure scenarios for mixture

Yes

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

List of relevant H-phrases (Section 2 and 3)

EUH 066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

EUH 211 Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed.

Do not breathe spray or mist.

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H360Fd May damage fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{H411}}$  Toxic to a quatic life with long lasting effects.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Information added, deleted or revised

2022-12-13:

\* changed substances in 3.2,

\* updated according to EU 2020/878.

2021-05-31:

\* Changed P-phrases in 2.2.

\* UFI in 1.1.

Checking quality of information

This information is based on the information we knew at the time of preparation and they have been given in good faith and provided that the product is used under normal conditions and in accordance with the specified conditions of use. Any other use of the date indicated, eventually together with other products or processes, is at your own risk.

Version

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